Appendix D



Impact Assessments Ysgol Abersoch

Assessment of the likely impact on the Quality and Standards of Education Assessment of the likely impact on travel arrangements Assessment of the likely impact on the Community Language Impact Assessment Well-being Assessment Equality Assessment





Assessment Report of the likely impact on Quality and Standards in Education - Ysgol Abersoch

- May 2021

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1. INTRODUCTION

At its meeting on 17 September 2019, Gwynedd Council's Cabinet approved the Education Department "to initiate formal discussions with the governing body and other relevant stakeholders of Ysgol Abersoch due to concerns over the school numbers, thus enabling a range of possible options to be drawn up relating to the future of the school."

In accordance with the Cabinet's decision (17 September 2019), an Ysgol Abersoch Review Panel (SRP) was established and the Governing Body, parents, staff and the Local Elected Member were invited to join the panel and participate in the discussion. Three SRP meetings were held between October 2019 and January 2020 to discuss a range of options to seek to resolve the main challenges faced by the school.

At its meeting on 15 September 2020, Gwynedd Council Cabinet resolved to hold a statutory consultation, in accordance with the requirements of section 48 of the School Standards and Organisation (Wales) Act 2013, on the proposal to close Ysgol Abersoch on 31 August 2021 and to provide a place for the pupils at Ysgol Sarn Bach from 1 September 2021. The decision was confirmed by the Cabinet at its meeting on 3 November 2020, after the original decision was called in and referred back to the Cabinet by the Education and Economy Scrutiny Committee at its meeting on 9 October 2020.

As part of the process of developing a proposal (s) for school/school reorganisation, the authority is required to carry out an assessment of likely impact on the quality and standards of education, in accordance with the School Organisation Code (011/2018).

The Council is committed to providing the highest quality education possible that will provide the County's children with the experiences, skills and confidence to become bilingual, successful and fulfilled citizens.

It continues to be a high priority to provide the best possible learning experiences - for all learners within the County, ensuring an exciting and broad curriculum, as well as extra-curricular activities that stimulate learning and understanding, which will lead to improved standards.

The consultation ran from 12 January to 23 February 2021, and 154 responses were received to the consultation.

2. SUMMARY

Following the last Estyn inspection in 2017 it was concluded that the school's current performance was Good.

In 2019, the school was placed in the Yellow support category by the regional consortia under the Welsh Government's National System for categorising schools according to their current educational standards and improvement requirements. The Welsh Government defines a 'Yellow' category school as an "effective school that is already doing well and knows what areas it needs to improve".

Below is a summary of the latest surveys of neighbouring schools, or schools that are the subject of any of the possible models for the future of Ysgol Abersoch.

2.1 Ysgol Abersoch

Ysgol Abersoch is located in the centre of the village of Abersoch near Pwllheli, and provides education for 3-8 year olds. Following year 3, pupils transfer to Ysgol Sarn Bach, the nearby school. When the school was last inspected in 2017, there were 21 pupils on roll, including 6 part-time nursery pupils.

School	Year of Inspection	How good are the outcomes?	How good is provision?	How good are leadership and management	Welsh Government Support Category 2019
Abersoch	June 2017	Good	Good	Good	Yellow

2.2 Other schools in the area

School	Year of Inspection	How good are the outcomes?	How good is provision?	How good are leadership and management	Welsh Government Support Category 2019
Llanbedrog	May 2014	Good	Good	Good	Green
Foel Gron	October 2015	Good	Good	Good	Yellow
Crud y Werin	July 2014	Adequate	Adequate	Good	Yellow
Pont y Gof	December 2015	Good	Good	Good	Green

The table below summarises the school's Estyn inspection report which has been inspected since September 2017, when Estyn introduced the five areas of inspection:

School	Year of Inspection	Standards	Wellbeing and attitudes to learning	Teaching and learning experiences	Care, support and guidance	Leadership and management	Welsh Government Support Category 2019
Sarn Bach	October 2017	Good	Good	Good	Good	Good	Yellow
Botwnnog	October 2019	Good	Excellent	Good	Excellent	Good	Green

Do nothing - continue with the current structure of the school.

Although the case for change has been established, the Do nothing model has been included in the assessment for comparison purposes.

Federation with a neighbouring school

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement, between a neighbouring school/schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

The formation of a formal federation with a school or other schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and increase pupils' opportunities to socialise and collaborate with peers.

In this case, for geographical reasons, Ysgol Sarn Bach, and Ysgol Llanbedrog were considered as reasonable options for the collaborative arrangement. Ysgol Foel Gron was not considered as it is not possible to federate schools with charitable status, with those with Community status.

Extend the age range of Ysgol Abersoch from 3-8 years to 3-11 years

At present, the age range of Ysgol Abersoch means that the school's education provision ceases at the end of year 3. Extending the age range to 3-11 would mean that the school could continue to educate pupils until the end of Key Stage 2, which is the end of year 6. This would be consistent with the age range of the majority of the county's primary schools.

Close Ysgol Abersoch and pupils to be educated at an alternative school

This option would mean that Ysgol Abersoch would close, and the current pupils would be offered a place at Ysgol Sarn Bach (the alternative school).

Further options considered following the statutory consultation:

Multi-Site School

A Multi-Site School means that one school will be established but on two or three sites. Statutorily, the school will have one legal entity, and the school will have one Headteacher, with manager/s on different sites. The school will have one budget and one governing body, and all sites will receive Estyn inspections at the same time - as one school.

If this option would to be implemented, then existing school catchment areas would be modified. The Authority's Transport Policy and Access Policy would be implemented as usual. Therefore, any application for admission to the Multi-Site School would be considered as an application to the whole school. Control of admission to the different sites would become part of the schools policy.

• Federation with Ysgol Sarn Bach and Llanbedrog, and a joint working arrangement with Ysgol Foel Gron

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement between neighbouring schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

Forming a formal federation with another school or schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and offer more opportunities for pupils to socialise and work with peers.

• Enlli Federation - (Ysgol Abersoch, Ysgol Llanbedrog, Ysgol Sarn Bach, Ysgol Pont Y Gof, Ysgol Crud y Werin, Botwnnog Secondary and collaboration arrangement with Ysgol Foel Gron).

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement between neighbouring schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

Forming a formal federation with another school or schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and offer more opportunities for pupils to socialise and work with peers.

DO NOTHING – ASSESSMENT OF THE LIKELY IMPACT ON QUALITY AND STANDARDS IN EDUCATION

Positive Neutral Negative

Impact Criteria	Description	The impact and status of work
Standards and general progress of specific groups and in terms of skills	No change	Neutral
Well-being and attitude to learning	No change	Neutral
Teaching and learning experiences	No change	Neutral
Care guidance and support	No change	Neutral
Leadership and management	No change	Neutral
Vulnerable groups, including children with Additional Learning Needs (ALN)	No change	Neutral
Provision that is at least commensurate with what is currently available to learners (including those with ALN)	No change	Neutral

The above assessment has been based on the information of Ysgol Abersoch's Estyn report June 2017.

EXTENDING THE SCHOOL'S AGE FROM 3-8 YEARS TO 3-11 YEARS – ASSESSMENT OF THE LIKELY IMPACT ON QUALITY AND STANDARDS IN EDUCATION

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Impact Criteria	Description	The impact and status of work
Standards and general progress of specific groups and in terms of skills	A negative impact on these criteria is not envisaged by extending the age range of the school.	Neutral
Well-being and attitude to learning	A negative impact on these criteria is not envisaged by extending the age range of the school.	Neutral
Teaching and learning experiences	A negative impact on these criteria is not envisaged by extending the age range of the school.	Neutral
Care guidance and support	A negative impact on these criteria is not envisaged by extending the age range of the school.	Neutral
Leadership and management	A negative impact on these criteria is not envisaged by extending the age range of the school.	Neutral
Vulnerable groups, including children with Additional Learning Needs (ALN)	A negative impact on these criteria is not envisaged by extending the age range of the school.	Neutral
Provision that is at least commensurate with what is currently available to learners (including those with ALN)	A negative impact on these criteria is not envisaged by extending the age range of the school.	Neutral

The above assessment has been based on the information of Ysgol Abersoch's Estyn report June 2017.

FEDERATION - ASSESSMENT OF THE LIKELY IMPACT ON QUALITY AND STANDARDS IN EDUCATION

Positive Neutral Negative

Impact Criteria	Description	The impact and status of work
Standards and general progress of specific groups and in terms of skills	No negative impact is predicted on this criteria by federating with a neighbouring school. All the schools in question are at least in the same category as Abersoch.	Neutral
Well-being and attitude to learning	No negative impact is predicted on this criteria by federating with a neighbouring school. All the schools in question are at least in the same category as Abersoch.	Neutral
Teaching and learning experiences	No negative impact is predicted on this criteria by federating with a neighbouring school. A federal model would likely include the same opportunities, with the potential to expand on this.	Positive
Care guidance and support	No negative impact is predicted on this criteria by federating with a neighbouring school. All the schools in question are at least in the same category as Abersoch.	Neutral
Leadership and management	Depending on the exact federal model, it can lead to saving Headteacher time by planning across the federation rather than for individual schools.	Positive
Vulnerable groups, including children with Additional Learning Needs (ALN)	Provisions for vulnerable groups would not change under a federal model.	Neutral
Provision that is at least commensurate with what is currently available to learners (including those with ALN)	No impact as Ysgol Abersoch would continue.	Neutral

The above assessment has been made based on the information of the June 2017 Ysgol Abersoch Estyn report; Ysgol Sarn Bach October 2017, and Ysgol Llanbedrog May 2014.

CLOSE YSGOL ABERSOCH AND OFFER PUPILS A PLACE AT AN ALTERNATIVE SCHOOL - ASSESSMENT OF THE LIKELY IMPACT ON QUALITY AND STANDARDS IN EDUCATION

Positive Neutral Negative

Impact Criteria	Description	The impact and status of work
Standards and general progress of specific groups and in terms of skills	The result of an Estyn survey for the Abersoch School standards indicators was 'Good', as was the result of the Ysgol Sarn Bach survey. Based on the information from the last surveys (2017) no impact is predicted by educating the children at Ysgol Sarn Bach.	Neutral
Well-being and attitude to learning	The 'Wellbeing' indicator for Ysgol Abersoch, in their last inspection in 2017, was 'adequate' while the result at Ysgol Sarn Bach was 'Good'. Based on the findings of these surveys, it is concluded that educating the children at Ysgol Sarn Bach would have a positive impact.	Positive
Teaching and learning experiences	The 'learning experiences' indicator at Ysgol Abersoch was 'adequate', and the 'teaching' indicator was 'good'. The outcome of an Estyn survey for 'Teaching and learning experiences' indicators was' Good' at Sarn Bach School in 2017. As a result, it is considered that the option may have a positive impact on pupils' teaching and learning experiences. Ysgol Sarn Bach can offer the opportunity to teach in larger groups and with peers to broaden their experiences.	Positive
Care guidance and support	The results of the 'Care guidance and support' indicators were 'Good' in the last Ysgol Abersoch and Ysgol Sarn Bach inspection. Based on this information, no impact on this area is foreseen by teaching the pupils at Ysgol Sarn Bach.	Neutral
Leadership and management	Ysgol Abersoch's last Estyn report noted that the leadership and management at the school are 'Good'. Ysgol Sarn Bach was also placed in the 'Good' category.	Neutral
Vulnerable groups, including children with Additional Learning Needs (ALN)	Support for vulnerable groups including children with additional learning needs is provided in accordance with the Authority's policy, as in all schools in Gwynedd.	Neutral
Provision that is at least commensurate with what is currently available to learners (including those with ALN)	The result of Estyn report for Ysgol Abersoch standards indicators was 'Good', as was the result of Ysgol Sarn Bach report. Based on the information from the last report (2017) no impact is predicted by educating the children at Ysgol Sarn Bach.	Neutral

The above assessment has been made based on the information of the Ysgol Abersoch June 2017 Estyn report, and Ysgol Sarn Bach October 2017.

MULTI-SITE SCHOOL - ASSESSMENT OF LIKELY IMPACT ON QUALITY AND EDUCATIONAL STANDARDS

Positive Neutral Negative

Impact Criteria	Description	The impact and status of work
Standards and general progress of specific groups and in terms of skills	No negative impact is predicted on this criteria by establishing a Multi-Site School. All of the schools in question (Ysgol Sarn Bach and Ysgol Llanbedrog) are ranked in the same category as Abersoch, at least.	Neutral
Well-being and attitude to learning	No negative impact is predicted on this criteria by establishing a Multi-Site School. All of the schools in question (Ysgol Sarn Bach and Ysgol Llanbedrog) are ranked in the same category as Abersoch, at least.	Neutral
Teaching and learning experiences	No negative impact is predicted on this criteria by establishing a Multi-Site School. A Multi-Site School model would likely include the same opportunities, with the possibility of expansion.	Positive
Care guidance and support	No negative impact is predicted on this criteria by establishing a Multi-Site School. All of the schools in question (Ysgol Sarn Bach and Ysgol Llanbedrog) are ranked in the same category as Abersoch, at least.	Neutral
Leadership and management	A Multi-Site School model can result in releasing more of the Headteacher's time, by planning across the school sites rather than for individual schools.	Positive
Vulnerable groups, including children with Additional Learning Needs (ALN)	It is not envisaged that provisions for vulnerable groups would change under the Multi-Site School model.	Neutral
Provision that is at least commensurate with what is currently available to learners (including those with ALN)	No negative impact is predicted on this criteria by establishing a Multi-Site School. All of the schools in question (Ysgol Sarn Bach and Ysgol Llanbedrog) are ranked in the same category as Abersoch, at least.	Neutral

The above assessment has been made based on the information of the June 2017 Ysgol Abersoch Estyn report; Ysgol Sarn Bach October 2017, and Ysgol Llanbedrog May 2014.

FEDERATION OF YSGOL ABERSOCH, SARN BACH AND LLANBEDROG, AND COLLABORATION ARRANGEMENT WITH YSGOL FOEL GRON - ASSESSMENT OF THE LIKELY IMPACT ON QUALITY AND EDUCATIONAL STANDARDS

Positive	Neutral	Negative
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Impact Criteria	Description	The impact and status of work
Standards and general progress of specific groups and in terms of skills	No negative impact on these criteria is envisaged through federalisation with neighboring schools. All of the schools in question are at least in the same category as Abersoch.	Neutral
Well-being and attitude to learning	No negative impact on these criteria is envisaged through federalisation with neighboring schools. All of the schools in question are at least in the same category as Abersoch.	Neutral
Teaching and learning experiences	No negative impact on these criteria is envisaged through federalisation with neighboring schools. A federal model would likely include the same opportunities, with the potential to expand on those.	Positive
Care guidance and support	No negative impact on these criteria is envisaged through federalisation with neighboring schools. All of the schools in question are at least in the same category as Abersoch.	Neutral
Leadership and management	Depending on the exact federal model, it can lead to releasing more of the Headteacher's time by planning across the federation rather than for individual schools.	Positive
Vulnerable groups, including children with Additional Learning Needs (ALN)	Provisions for vulnerable groups would not change under a federal model.	Neutral
Provision that is at least commensurate with what is currently available to learners (including those with ALN)	No effect as Ysgol Abersoch will continue.	Neutral

The above assessment has been made based on the information of the June 2017 Ysgol Abersoch Estyn report; Ysgol Sarn Bach October 2017, and Ysgol Llanbedrog May 2014.

ENLLI FEDERATION

(ABERSOCH, LLANBEDROG, SARN BACH, PONT Y GOF, CRUD Y WERIN, BOTWNNOG SECONDARY SCHOOL AND COLLABORATIVE ARRANGEMENT WITH YSGOL FOEL GRON)

- ASSESSMENT OF THE LIKELY IMPACT ON QUALITY AND EDUCATIONAL STANDARDS

Positive Neutral Negative

Impact Criteria	Description	The impact and status of work
Standards and general progress of specific groups and in terms of skills	No negative impact on these criteria is envisaged through federalisation with neighboring schools. All of the schools in question are at least in the same category as Abersoch.	Neutral
Well-being and attitude to learning	No negative impact on these criteria is envisaged through federalisation with neighboring schools. All of the schools in question are at least in the same category as Abersoch.	Neutral
Teaching and learning experiences	No negative impact on these criteria is envisaged through federalisation with neighboring schools. A federal model would likely include the same opportunities, with the potential to expand on that.	Positive
Care guidance and support	No negative impact on these criteria is envisaged through federalisation with neighboring schools. All of the schools in question are at least in the same category as Abersoch.	Neutral
Leadership and management	Depending on the exact federal model, it can lead to a saving in Headteacher's time by planning across the federation rather than for individual schools.	Positive
Vulnerable groups, including children with Additional Learning Needs (ALN)	Provisions for vulnerable groups would not change under a federal model.	Neutral
Provision that is at least commensurate with what is currently available to learners (including those with ALN)	No effect as Ysgol Abersoch will continue.	Neutral

The above assessment has been made based on the information of the June 2017 Ysgol Abersoch Estyn report; Ysgol Sarn Bach October 2017, Ysgol Llanbedrog May 2014, Ysgol Foel Gron October 2015, Ysgol Pont y Gof December 2015, Ysgol Crud y Werin July 2014, and Ysgol Botwnnog October 2019.

4. CONCLUSIONS

Based on the result of the above assessments, it is concluded that the standard of education provided in the neighbouring schools, in particular Ysgol Sarn Bach and Ysgol Llanbedrog is at the same level as the education at Ysgol Abersoch. As a result, no negative impacts are anticipated in terms of quality and standards of education resulting from the option of federalising, establishing a Multi-Site School or closing Ysgol Abersoch and transferring pupils to Ysgol Sarn Bach. Similarly, no negative impacts are predicted in terms of the quality and standards in education arising from the option of extending the age range of the school from 3-8 to 3-11.

The information in this assessment following the most recent Estyn inspections of the schools in question indicates that all of the schools have been placed in at least an equivalent category to Ysgol Abersoch, and all of the schools have been ranked yellow, or green in terms of Welsh Government support category.





Assessment Report of the likely impact on different travelling arrangements – Ysgol Abersoch

- May 2021

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- 4. **CONCLUSIONS**

1. INTRODUCTION

At its meeting on 17 September 2019, Gwynedd Council's Cabinet approved the Education Department "to initiate formal discussions with the governing body and other relevant stakeholders of Ysgol Abersoch due to concerns over the school numbers, thus enabling a range of possible options to be drawn up relating to the future of the school."

In accordance with the Cabinet's decision (17 September 2019), an Ysgol Abersoch Review Panel (SRP) was established and the Governing Body, parents, staff and the Local Elected Member were invited to join the panel and participate in the discussion. Three SRP meetings were held between October 2019 and January 2020 to discuss a range of options to seek to resolve the main challenges faced by the school.

At its meeting on 15 September 2020, Gwynedd Council Cabinet resolved to hold a statutory consultation, in accordance with the requirements of section 48 of the School Standards and Organisation (Wales) Act 2013, on the proposal to close Ysgol Abersoch on 31 August 2021 and to provide a place for the pupils at Ysgol Sarn Bach from 1 September 2021. The decision was confirmed by the Cabinet at its meeting on 3 November 2020, after the original decision was called in and referred back to the Cabinet by the Education and Economy Scrutiny Committee at its meeting on 9 October 2020.

As part of the process of developing a proposal (s) for school / school reorganisation, the authority is required to carry out an assessment of the likely impact on different travel arrangements, in accordance with the School Organisation Code (011/2018).

The Council is committed to provide the highest quality of education as possible for the children of Gwynedd County along with the experiences, skills and confidence to develop into bilingual, successful and fulfilled citizens.

It remains a high priority to provide the best possible learning experiences - for all learners within the County, ensuring an exciting and broad curriculum, as well as extra-curricular activities that stimulate learning and understanding, and which will lead to improved standards.

A statutory consultation was held between 12 January and 23 February 2021 and 154 responses to the consultation were received.

1.1 Gwynedd Council Transport Policy

The 'Excellent primary education for children in Gwynedd' strategy aims to restrict travel from home to school to a one-way journey of no more than 30 minutes.

Gwynedd Council provides free transport for learners who live two or more miles from the school in their catchment area, or the closest school (not including nursery pupils). Learners who receive a primary education are expected (except for learners with additional learning needs or disabilities), to walk up to two miles to meet any modes of transport provided by Gwynedd Council. The transport policy can be viewed in the Parent's Handbook: (https://www.gwynedd.llyw.cymru/en/Residents/Documents-Residents/Schools-and-learning-documents/Guide-Book.pdf).

1.2 Context of Ysgol Abersoch

Ysgol Abersoch is located in the centre of the village of Abersoch near Pwllheli, and provides education for 3-8 year olds. Following year 3, pupils transfer to Ysgol Sarn Bach, the neighbouring school.

In September 2020, there were 26 pupils aged 3-8 living in the Ysgol Aberoch catchment area - 5 of those pupils attended Ysgol Abersoch. This means that 21 pupils from the catchment area (aged 3-8) attended out of catchment schools. In addition, 5 pupils from Ysgol Abersoch lived outside the catchment area. Further information can be found in the table below:

			Home catchn (Septemi				
		Abersoch* (N-Yr3)	Sarn Bach	Llanbedrog	Foel Gron	Arall	School Total (N-Yr6)
r 2020)	Abersoch* (N-Yr3)	5	1	-	-	4	10
School Attending (September 2020)	Sarn Bach	9	28	-	2	9	48
leS) …gո	Llanbedrog	6	6	58	15	17	102
Attendir	Foel Gron	2	4	4	24	9	43
School /	Other	4	2	2	1		
	Total	26	41	64	42		

Source: Census September 2020

2. OPTIONS

• Do nothing - continue with the current structure of the school.

(Although the case for change has been established, this model has been included in the assessment for comparison purposes)

As this model would mean that pupils would continue to be educated at Ysgol Abersoch, it is not envisaged that this model would an impact on current travel arrangements.

• Federation with a neighbouring school

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement, between a neighbouring school/schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal

status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

The formation of a formal federation with a school or other schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and increase pupils' opportunities to socialise and collaborate with peers.

In this case, for geographical reasons, Ysgol Sarn Bach, and Ysgol Llanbedrog were considered as reasonable options for the collaborative arrangement. Ysgol Foel Gron was not considered as it is not possible to federate schools with charitable status, with those with Community status.

As this model would mean that pupils continue to be educated at Ysgol Abersoch, it is not envisaged that this model would have an impact on current travel arrangements.

• Extend the age range of Ysgol Abersoch from 3-8 years to 3-11 years

At present, the age range of Ysgol Abersoch means that the school's education provision ceases at the end of year 3. Extending the age range to 3-11 would mean that the school could continue to educate pupils until the end of Key Stage 2, which is the end of year 6. This would be consistent with the age range of the majority of the county's primary schools.

As this model would mean that pupils would continue to be educated at Ysgol Abersoch, it is not envisaged that this model would have an impact on the travel arrangements of current pupils. However, if the option were to be implemented, further consideration would have to be given to the impact that changing catchment areas could have on the current transport arrangements for pupils aged 8-11 years in the Abersoch area who have already opted to attend Ysgol Sarn Bach.

Close Ysgol Abersoch and pupils to be educated at an alternative school

This option would mean that Ysgol Abersoch would close, and that current pupils would be offered a place at Ysgol Sarn Bach (the alternative school).

Ysgol Sarn Bach is located 1.4 miles from Ysgol Abersoch. In accordance with Gwynedd Council's transport policy the authority would provide transport for pupils of the current catchment area of Ysgol Abersoch who would choose to attend Ysgol Sarn Bach and live more than 2 miles from the school.

In addition, the pupils who would choose to attend Ysgol Sarn Bach but live less than 2 miles away from school, and are therefore not entitled to free transport, but travel to school along a road the Council considers as very dangerous, free transport would be provided.

Further options considered following the statutory consultation:

Multi-Site School

A Multi-Site School means that one school will be established but on two or three sites. Statutorily, the school will have one legal entity, and the school will have one Headteacher, with manager/s on different sites. The school will have one budget and one governing body, and all sites will receive Estyn inspections at the same time - as one school.

If this option would to be implemented, then existing school catchment areas would be modified. The Authority's Transport Policy and Access Policy would be implemented as usual. Therefore, any application for admission to the Multi-Site School would be considered as an application to the whole school. Control of admission to the different sites would become part of the schools policy.

As this model would mean that pupils continue to be educated at Ysgol Abersoch, it is not envisaged that this model would have any impact on current travel arrangements.

• Federation with Ysgol Sarn Bach and Llanbedrog, and a joint working arrangement with Ysgol Foel Gron.

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement between neighbouring schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

Forming a formal federation with another school or schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and offer more opportunities for pupils to socialise and work with peers.

As this model would mean that pupils would continue to be educated at Ysgol Abersoch, it is not envisaged that this model would have an impact on current travel arrangements.

• Enlli Federation - (Ysgol Abersoch, Llanbedrog, Sarn Bach, Pont Y Gof, Crud y Werin, Botwnnog Secondary and co-operation arrangement with Ysgol Foel Gron).

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement between neighbouring schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

Forming a formal federation with another school or schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and offer more opportunities for pupils to socialise and work with peers.

As this model would mean that pupils would continue to be educated at Ysgol Abersoch, it is not envisaged that this model would have an impact on current travel arrangements.

3.1. Location of the alternative school

Ysgol Sarn Bach is located in the village of Sarn Bach, approximately 1.4 miles down the road from the centre of Abersoch. This is the nearest geographical school to Ysgol Abersoch.

3.2. Free transport options

In line with Gwynedd Council's transport policy, learners receiving primary or secondary education (with the exception of learners with additional learning needs or disabilities) would be expected to walk up to two miles to meet any modes of transport provided by Gwynedd Council along the shortest route.

The shortest route available is the route which is not deemed by the Council to be especially dangerous, after assessing the other routes available for the journey, and these routes would be assessed in line with Gwynedd Council's transport policy.

Ysgol Sarn Bach is the catchment school for pupils between the ages of 8 and 11 in the Abersoch catchment area. As the route to school is considered dangerous, the authority already provides free transport for some eligible pupils.

Therefore a primary school bus already runs between Abersoch and Ysgol Sarn Bach, and it is envisaged that there would be sufficient empty seats for current pupils at Ysgol Abersoch.

In line with current arrangements, pupils travel to school on a service bus and travel home on a dedicated school bus. Below is the current bus timetable for Ysgol Sarn Bach:

ABERSOCH - YSGC	OL SARN BAC	Н	320
Clynnog & Trefor - 0128			
	nic:/DEDICATIE	n school Bus	
BWS YSGOL DYNODE	DIG / DEDICATIE	D GOTTOOL BOS	
Abersoch	0843	Ysgol Sarn Bach	1535

If all pupils between the age of 3 and 8 in the Abersoch catchment area choose to take advantage of free transport, it is envisaged that the current arrangements would need to be adapted. The estimated additional costs that would result from this change are set out below.

3.3. Financial impact

The financial impact on travel arrangements is summarised below:

The probable impact on travel arrangements for learners	The assessment of the probable annual financial impact on travel arrangements for the
	Authority

Do nothing	No Change	£0
Extend the age range of Ysgol Abersoch from 3-8 years to 3-11 years	No Change	£0
Formally federalise with a school or other schools	No Change	£0
Close Ysgol Abersoch and offer pupils a place at Ysgol Sarn Bach	Assemble at an agreed place to catch the bus.	Provision of transport for the current 8 pupils (Reception – Yr.3): £ 0 No additional costs - empty seats already available on the Ysgol Sarn Bach bus. Provision of transport for all pupils at Ysgol Abersoch catchment area (26 pupils): £ 14,000 Ysgol Sarn Bach's current transport arrangements would need to be modified - it may require a specific school bus for Ysgol Sarn Bach (morning and afternoon).
Multi-site School	No change	
Federation with Ysgol Abersoch, Ysgol Sarn Bach, Ysgol Llanbedrog and joint working arrangement with Ysgol Foel Gron	No change	
Enlli Federation - (Ysgol Abersoch, Llanbedrog, Sarn Bach, Pont Y Gof, Crud y Werin, Botwnnog Secondary and co- operation arrangement with Ysgol Foel Gron).	No change	

Should the proposal to close Ysgol Abersoch and provide pupils a place at Ysgol Sarn Bach be implemented, it is estimated that:

- There would be no additional costs associated with providing transport for the current 8 pupils of Ysgol Abersoch (Reception-Yr.3) as well as pupils from the Abersoch catchment area that already attend Ysgol Sarn Bach. It is understood that a bus already transports pupils from Abersoch to Ysgol Sarn Bach, and we understand that there would be sufficient empty seats on the bus for the current pupils at Ysgol Abersoch. It could be argued that implementing the proposal would make more cost effective use of the existing transport arrangements for transporting pupils to Ysgol Sarn Bach.
- The additional costs of transport would be approximately £14,000 per year if all pupils in the current Ysgol Abersoch catchment area chose to attend Ysgol Sarn Bach in the future, and required transport.

4. CONCLUSIONS

To summarise, it is envisaged that neither of the options of Federation or a Multi-Site School option would affect current travel and transport arrangements as the pupils would continue to receive their education at Ysgol Abersoch.

With the option to extend the age range of the school to 3-11 years, it is not anticipated that there would be an impact on the transport arrangements for the current school pupils. However, bearing in mind that Ysgol Sarn Bach is the catchment school for 8 - 11 year olds in the Abersoch area, further consideration would have to be given to the impact that this option may have on the transport arrangements for 8-11 year old pupils in the Abersoch area.

Should the option to close Ysgol Abersoch and offer the pupils a place at Ysgol Sarn Bach be implemented, it is envisaged that the learners would be able to use the existing transport arrangements for Ysgol Sarn Bach – this would not result in an additional cost to the authority.

If all pupils in the Ysgol Abersoch catchment area required transport to Ysgol Sarn Bach, it is envisaged that the current transport arrangements at Ysgol Sarn Bach would need to be modified by arranging a larger bus. It is estimated that this would result in additional costs of £14,000 per annum.





Community Impact Assessment Report Ysgol Abersoch

- May 2021

- 1. INTRODUCTION
- 2. OPTIONS
- 3. SUMMARY OF THE CATCHMENT AREA
- 4. CATCHMENT AREA SCHOOL
- 5. ASSESSMENT OF THE LIKELY IMPACT ON THE COMMUNITY
- 6. CONCLUSIONS

1. INTRODUCTION

As part of the statutory process, a community impact assessment is required in compliance with the School Organisation Coode 011/2018. This assessment is derived from the Welsh Government's national guidance for schools reorganisation, including considerations of the unique needs of rural areas.

"In some areas, a school may also be the main focal point for community activity, and its closure could have implications beyond the issue of the provision of education. This may be a particular feature in rural areas if school buildings are used as a place to provide services to the local community."

"The case prepared by those bringing forward proposals should show that the impact of closure on the community has been assessed through the production of a Community Impact Assessment and how any community facilities currently provided by the school could be maintained."

Source: The Schools Organisation Code 011/2018

1.1 Background

Ysgol Abersoch is located in the center of the village of Abersoch near Pwllheli, and provides education for pupils aged 3 to 8 years. Pupils transfer to Ysgol Sarn Bach after year 3 to complete their primary education.

Ysgol Abersoch has a capacity of 42 (nursery to year 3), and in September 2020, it had full-time pupils, and 2 nursery (part-time) pupils.

At their meeting on 17 September 2019, the Cabinet supported a recommendation to hold formal discussions with the governing body of Ysgol Abersoch to consider options for the future. The decision came as a result of recent concerns over low number of pupils on register.

Between October 2019 and January 2020, 3 local meetings were held with stakeholders at Ysgol Abersoch where a number of options were proposed and discussed. Following the evaluation of those options, the list was refined to 3 options for further consideration in addition to the Do Nothing model.

At its meeting on 15 September 2020, Gwynedd Council Cabinet resolved to hold a statutory consultation, in accordance with the requirements of section 48 of the School Standards and Organisation (Wales) Act 2013, on the proposal to close Ysgol Abersoch on 31 August 2021 and to provide a place for the pupils at Ysgol Sarn Bach from 1 September 2021. The decision was confirmed by the Cabinet at its meeting on 3 November 2020, after the original decision was called in and referred back to the Cabinet by the Education and Economy Scrutiny Committee at its meeting on 9 October 2020.

A statutory consultation was held between 12 January and 23 February 2021 and 154 responses to the consultation were received.

2. OPTIONS

A number of options were proposed and discussed at the local meetings. Following an evaluation of these options against the Strategy factors, the list was refined into 3 options for further consideration, in addition to the Do Nothing option.

- Do nothing continue with the current structure of the school.
- Form a federation with a neighbouring school

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement, between neighbouring school/schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

The formation of a formal federation with a school or other schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and increase pupils' opportunities to socialise and collaborate with peers.

In this case, for geographical reasons, Ysgol Sarn Bach, and Ysgol Llanbedrog were considered as reasonable options for the collaborative arrangement. Ysgol Foel Gron was not considered as it is not possible to federate schools with charitable status with those with Community status.

Extend the age range of Ysgol Abersoch from 3-8 years to 3-11 years.

At present, the age range of Ysgol Abersoch means that the school's education provision ceases at the end of year 3. Extending the age range to 3-11 would mean that the school could continue to educate pupils until the end of Key Stage 2, which is the end of year 6. This would be consistent with the age range of the majority of the county's primary schools.

• Close Ysgol Abersoch and pupils to be educated at an alternative school

This option would mean that Ysgol Abersoch would close, and that current pupils would be offered a place at Ysgol Sarn Bach (the alternative school).

Further options considered following the statutory consultation:

Multi-Site School

A Multi-Site School means that one school will be established but on two or three sites. Statutorily, the school will have one legal entity, and the school will have one Headteacher, with manager/s on different sites. The school will have one budget and one governing body, and all sites will receive Estyn inspections at the same time - as one school.

If this option would to be implemented, then existing school catchment areas would be modified. The Authority's Transport Policy and Access Policy would be implemented as usual. Therefore, any application for admission to the Multi-Site School would be considered as an application to the whole school. Control of admission to the different sites would become part of the schools policy.

 Federation with Ysgol Sarn Bach and Llanbedrog, and a joint working arrangement with Ysgol Foel Gron.

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement between neighbouring schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

Forming a formal federation with another school or schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and offer more opportunities for pupils to socialise and work with peers.

• Enlli Federation - (Ysgol Abersoch, Llanbedrog, Sarn Bach, Pont Y Gof, Crud y Werin, Botwnnog Secondary and collaboration arrangement with Ysgol Foel Gron).

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement between neighbouring schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

Forming a formal federation with another school or schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and offer more opportunities for pupils to socialise and work with peers.

3. SUMMARY OF CATCHMENT AREA

3.1 The Area

Abersoch is a village located on the Llŷn Peninsula in Gwynedd, with approximately 800 residents. It is located 11 km (7 miles) from the town of Pwllheli and 43 km (27 miles) from Caernarfon.

According to the 2011 census, there are 783 people living in the Abersoch ward.

3.2 The Economy

75.6%, of people aged 16 to 74 within Abersoch ward are classified as economically active, 3.7% of whom are unemployed. 24.4% of people in the same age group are economically inactive with 3.6% of these sick or long-term disabled.

The type of industry in which the population is active varies in the area, with the highest rate (23.7%) working in Retail and Wholesale.

According to data from the 'Welsh Index of Multiple Deprivation (2014)' the employment rate of Abersoch ward compared to other wards in Wales gives them a rank of 1404 out of 1909 wards. Abersoch ward is therefore not within the 50% most deprived area in Wales.

There are a number of businesses operating in the village, including, a variety of shops, restaurants, cafes, pubs, self-catering accommodation, tourist attractions and a garage.

3.3 Deprivation

Abersoch ward (which is wider than the geographical area of the school catchment area) is not within the 50% most deprived in Wales (a rank of 1417 out of 1909 wards).

A number of areas make up this overall index, including income, employment, health, education, access to services, community safety, physical environment and housing.

It is noted that Abersoch ward is within the 40% most deprived areas in Wales in the 'Housing' domain. The indicators in this area are the proportion of people living in overcrowded homes (bedroom usage), and the proportion of people living in homes without central heating.

In addition, Abersoch ward is within the 40% most deprived areas in Wales in the 'access to services' field, i.e. deprivation because people cannot access a range of services that are considered essential for daily living. The indicators include average public and private travel times for a number of services such as grocery stores, GP surgeries, primary and secondary schools, post office, public library, pharmacy, leisure centre and private travel time to a petrol station.

Below is a summary of how the Abersoch area is positioned in the context of other areas in Wales according to the Welsh Index of Multiple Deprivation (2014):

Area	Range in Wales, out of 1909 districts. (1 = most deprived and 1909 = least deprived)	Most deprived in Wales %
Employment	1404	
Income	1327	
Health	1312	
Education	1472	
Housing	577	Within 40-50% most deprived

Physical environment	1725	
Access to Services	593	Within 40-50% most deprived
Community safety	821	Within 50% most deprived

3.4 The Community

A number of activities take place in Abersoch, including;

- Abersoch Festival
- Welsh for Adults
- Shwmae / Su'mae Day
- Cylch Ti a Fi and Cylch Meithrin
- · Beach cleaning activities
- Identity Project with Welsh language
- Merched y Wawr

In addition, there are a number of facilities in the village, including, the village hall, a variety of shops, pharmacy, mobile bank, post office, garage, cafes, pubs, mobile library, tourist attractions, public transport and children's playground.

4. CATCHMENT AREA SCHOOLS

4.1 Context of the schools according to Estyn Inspection Reports

As part of Estyn's reports, the authors, i.e. the inspectors, will place the schools within their context and will detail their community connections. This is the context given to Ysgol Abersoch by Estyn inspectors.

Ysgol Abersoch

"Ysgol Abersoch is in the village of Abersoch near Pwllheli, in Gwynedd local authority, and serves the village and the surrounding area"

Source: Estyn Report, June 2017

4.2 School statistical information

The table below shows the numbers of pupils at Ysgol Abersoch (N-Y3), and the other neighbouring schools, from Nursery to Year 6. Also shown in this table are the capacity of the schools, and the number of surplus places. All of these schools teach through the medium of Welsh.

School	Full Capacity (N – Y6)	Number on roll September 2020 (N – Y6)	Number of surplus places September 2020 (N – Y6)	Legal Category
Abersoch (*N-Y3)	42	10	32	Community School (Infant)
Sarn Bach	73	48	25	Community School
Llanbedrog	83	102	0	Community School
Foel Gron	61	43	18	VC – Church in Wales

Source: September 2020 Census.

4.3 Information about the location of pupils' dwellings and choice of school

Every school has a specific catchment area that it serves and this is important in terms of the Council's admissions and transport policy. Pupils do not have to attend their catchment area school, this is the parents' choice (in accordance with the admissions policy).

In comparison with other catchment areas in the area, the number of pupils that attend school outside the catchment area is high. The latest data (September 2020) shows that 26 3-8 year old children live in the Abersoch catchment, of whom only 5 attend the school. This means that 81% of the children living in the Abersoch catchment area attend schools that are out of the catchment area, according to 2020 data.

The table below shows the complete information regarding pupils' residential locations and school choice.

			Home Catcl (Septeml				
		Abersoch (M-BI3)	Sarn Bach Hanhedrog Foel Gron				School total (N-Yr6)
	Abersoch* (N-Yr3)	5	1	-	-	4	10
nding 2020)	Sarn Bach	9	28	-	2	9	48
School Attending (September 2020)	Llanbedrog	6	6	58	15	17	102
Schoc (Septe	Foel Gron	2	4	4	24	9	43
	Other	4	2	2	1		
	Total	26	41	64	42		

Source: September 2020 Census

4.4 Summary of various facilities in the communities (November 2020)

The information below is gathered based on the communities of each of the schools that may be affected by any of the options.

	Abersoch	Sarn Bach	Llanbedrog	Foel Gron
Village Hall / Community Centre	✓	√	√	√
Chapel/Church	✓	4	✓	✓
Public Transport	✓	✓	✓	✓
Shop	✓		✓	✓
Café/Pub	√		✓	
Post Office	√		✓	*

Surgery/Pharmacy	✓	✓	
Library			
Children's Playing Field	✓	✓	✓
Bank			
Residential Home for the			
Elderly		•	
Leisure Centre			
Garage	✓	✓	
Tourism Attraction	√	√	
Cylch Ti a Fi + Cylch Meithrin	√	√	4

Source: Headteachers' Questionnaires November 2020 (✓ added in response to the statutory consultation comments)

It is noted in the community impact questionnaire that members of the community visit Ysgol Abersoch regularly to assist with the learning experiences. Members from the communities of each of the schools included in this assessment visit the schools to hold activities with the pupils, such as a gardening club, reading and health fair. Additionally, as there is no hall at Ysgol Abersoch the school makes regular use of the community hall.

4.5 Summary of the school's use outside the school's core hours (November 2020)

A summary of community or extra-curricular use of local school buildings is provided below

	Abersoch	Sarn Bach	Llanbedrog	Foel Gron
Play Groups (School holidays)				
Aelwyd/Adran yr Urdd	✓	✓		~
Plays				
Voluntary Groups				
Coffee Morning/Evening				~
Community Auction				
Community Library				
Choir Practice				
Welsh for Adults				
Town/Community Council Meeting				
Cylch/Nursery School	√		✓	
Sports Club/Activity			✓	
After School Club	√ *			✓
Local Interest Club				

Source: Headteachers' Questionnaires November 2020

(✓ added in response to the statutory consultation comments)

^{*} Ysgol Abersoch offers after school clubs including gardening club, Hunaniaith craft club, Urdd Tudwal.

4.6 Summary of activities or groups that the school are regularly involved with:

	Abersoch	Sarn Bach	Llanbedrog	Foel Gron
Ti a Fi Group and/or Cylch Meithrin	✓	✓	√	
Eisteddfodau (Local/County/National)	√	✓	✓	✓
Urdd Adrannau	✓	✓	✓	✓
Other activities (sports, clubs)	✓	✓	✓	✓

Source: Headteachers' Questionnaires November 2020

Text in blue added following consultation

4.7 If buildings, rooms, facilities or services are provided by the school for the community, where will they be provided if the school is closed?

School	Where will facilities be provided if the school is closed?
Abersoch	Cylch Meithrin and Cylch Ti a Fi are held in the school building. Should a decision be made to close the school, options for after school use would have to be considered, taking into account the activities currently taking place at the school

4.8 Information about the distance and travel time to other schools in the catchment area

The table below notes the distance and travel time between schools in the area. We can see that Ysgol Sarn Bach is closest to Ysgol Abersoch. The following travel times considers the nature of the roads and the impact that this could have on travel times in a rural area.

Ysgol / School		Sarn Bach	Llanbedrog	Foel Gron
Llanbedrog	Milltir	4.2		
	Munudau	10		
Faci Cuan	Milltir	3.9	1.6	
Foel Gron	Munudau	11	4	
Abersoch	Milltir	1.4	3.3	3.2
	Munudau	5	7	9

5. ASSESSMENT OF THE LIKELY IMPACT ON THE COMMUNITY

In order to assess the community impact of the potential models, it was decided to create criteria in accordance with the recommendations of the community impact considerations of The Schools Organisation Code 011/2018

MODEL 1 – Do nothing/Status Quo

Positive	Neutral	Negative
1 OSICIVE	recation	110gative

Impact Criteria	Description	Status of the impact and the work
Impact on Health and Well-being	No Change	Neutral
Implications of the change on public transport provisions	No Change	Neutral
Impact on facilities / other services provided at the school	No Change	Neutral
The impact on broader community safety	No Change	Neutral
Would the option encourage families and school-age children to leave the community, or would young families be less likely to move to the community	No Change	Neutral
Impact on other services provided locally	No Change	Neutral
Detrimental effect on the community's broader economy	No Change	Neutral
The general impact on the local community	No Change	Neutral

MODEL 2 – CHANGE THE AGE RANGE OF YSGOL ABERSOCH FROM 3-8 YEARS TO 3-11 YEARS

Positive Neutral Negative

Impact Criteria	Description	Status of the impact and the work
Impact on Health and Well-being	No Change	Neutral
Implications of the change on public transport provisions	No Change	Neutral
Impact on facilities / other services provided at the school	No Change	Neutral
The impact on broader community safety	No Change	Neutral
Would the option encourage families and school-age children to leave the community, or would young families be less likely to move to the community	No Change	Neutral
Impact on other services provided locally	No Change	Neutral
Detrimental effect on the community's broader economy	No Change	Neutral
The general impact on the local community	No Change	Neutral

MODEL 3 – FEDERATION WITH A NEIGHBOURING SCHOOL

Impact Criteria	Description	Status of the impact and the work
Impact on Health and Well-being	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Implications of the change on public transport provisions	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Impact on facilities / other services provided at the school	Opportunities are identified for the Community of Abersoch and the other school that would be part of the federal model to come together and share resources and facilities.	Positive
The impact on broader community safety	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Would the option encourage families and school-age children to leave the community, or would young families be less likely to move to the community	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Impact on other services provided locally	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Detrimental effect on the community's broader economy	No change to the current situation	Neutral
The general impact on the local community	No change to the current situation, but opportunities are identified for the Abersoch community and the other school that would be part of the federal model to come together.	Neutral

MODEL 4 – CLOSE YSGOL ABERSOCH AND OFFER PUPILS A PLACE AT AN ALTERNATIVE SCHOOL

Impact Criteria	Description	Status of the impact and the work
Impact on Health and Well-being	As the alternative school is about a mile and a half from Ysgol Abersoch and the pupils' homes, they are unlikely to walk to school. Children can be dropped off in the car park, whether by car or taxi / minibus, and there is a bus stop (public bus service) outside the school boundaries. Therefore, if pupils are less able to walk or cycle, we do not anticipate difficulty in reaching the school.	Negative
Implications of the change on public transport provisions	A public bus (number 18) runs between Abersoch village and the alternative school. Some families may be dependent on public transport to reach the alternative school, however, no significant impact on public transport provision is foreseen as there are currently 10 pupils attending the school.	Neutral
Impact on facilities / other services provided at the school	Cylch Meithrin and Cylch Ti a Fi are held in the school building. If the school were to close, these services would have to be taken into account when discussing the after-use of the school building.	Neutral
The impact on broader community safety	No impact on wider community safety is anticipated	Neutral
Would the option encourage families and school-age children to leave the community, or would young families be less likely to move to the community	As most children in the catchment area already attend other schools, it is not envisaged that families and young children would leave the community.	Neutral
Impact on other services provided locally	As a large number of children in the catchment area already attend other schools, and due to the low number of pupils at Ysgol Abersoch, it is not anticipated that closing the school would have an impact on other services.	Neutral
Detrimental effect on the community's broader economy	Again, as most children in the catchment area attend other schools, it is not anticipated that closing the school would have an impact on the wider community economy.	Neutral
	The local school would be further away from homes within the existing catchment area of Ysgol Abersoch, and in terms of deprivation, it means that one of the indicators i.e. 'access to services' will be further away from the village's residents. In addition, a number of comments were received during the statutory	Negative
The general impact on	consultation which emphasized the importance of the school to the village, the community, local residents and businesses, and that closing the school would have a negative impact on the village.	
the local community	Here is one example of a comment received noting the impact the proposal would have on the community:	
	"Residents and businesses are aware of the existence of the school because of all the work that teachers and pupils do to promote it through the Welsh language when visiting them regularly - Ysgol Abersoch is a school at the center of its community. In closing, the dynamics of the village unit, the vibrancy and the strong attachment of parents to organization are lost. Certainly one key thing - community connection and that commitment to the school - would be lost if it were closed."	

MULTI-SITE SCHOOL (Ysgol Abersoch, Ysgol Llanbedrog and Ysgol Sarn Bach)

Impact Criteria	Description	Status of the impact and the work
Impact on Health and Well-being	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Implications of the change on public transport provisions	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Impact on facilities / other services provided at the school	Opportunities are identified for the Abersoch Community and the other schools that would be part of the multi-site school to come together and share resources and facilities.	Positive
The impact on broader community safety	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Would the option encourage families and school-age children to leave the community, or would young families be less likely to move to the community	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Impact on other services provided locally	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Detrimental effect on the community's broader economy	No change to the current situation	Neutral
The general impact on the local community	Although there is a site presence in every community, those sites would not have a community identity. However, opportunities are identified for the Abersoch community and the other site communities that would form part of the multi-site school to come together	Neutral

FEDERATION OF YSGOL ABERSOCH, YSGOL LLANBEDROG AND YSGOL SARN BACH and a COLLABORATION ARRANGEMENT WITH YSGOL FOEL GRON.

Impact Criteria	Description	Status of the impact and the work
Impact on Health and Well-being	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Implications of the change on public transport provisions	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Impact on facilities / other services provided at the school	Opportunities are identified for the Community of Abersoch and the other school that would be part of the federal model to come together and share resources and facilities.	Positive
The impact on broader community safety	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Would the option encourage families and school-age children to leave the community, or would young families be less likely to move to the community	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Impact on other services provided locally	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Detrimental effect on the community's broader economy	No change to the current situation	Neutral
The general impact on the local community	No change from the current situation, but opportunities are identified for the Abersoch community and the other schools that would be part of the federal model to come together.	Neutral

ENLLI FEDERATION

FEDERATION OF YSGOL ABERSOCH, YSGOL LLANBEDROG, YSGOL SARN BACH, YSGOL PONT Y GOF, YSGOL CRUD Y WERIN, AND YSGOL BOTWNNOG and a COLLABORATION ARRANGEMENT WITH YSGOL FOEL GRON.

Positive	Neutral	Negative
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Impact Criteria	Description	Status of the impact and the work
Impact on Health and Well-being	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Implications of the change on public transport provisions	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Impact on facilities / other services provided at the school	Opportunities are identified for the Community of Abersoch and the other school that would be part of the federal model to come together and share resources and facilities.	Positive
The impact on broader community safety	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Would the option encourage families and school-age children to leave the community, or would young families be less likely to move to the community	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Impact on other services provided locally	No change to the current situation	Neutral
Detrimental effect on the community's broader economy	No change to the current situation	Neutral
The general impact on the local community	No change from the current situation, but opportunities are identified for the Abersoch community and the other schools that would be part of the federal model to come together.	Neutral

6. CONCLUSIONS

This assessment shows that the school engages with its community and regularly uses community facilities, such as the hall. The community also makes use of the school building, and uses it as a venue for the Cylch Meithrin and Cylch Ti a Fi.

It shows from the information presented that the option to continue with the current situation, extend the age range of the school to 3-11 years, establish a Multi-Site School or federate with another school or schools, would not have an impact on the community. These options mean that a school presence would continue in the community of Abersoch by undertaking the same activities and using the same facilities as it currently does.

Should the option of closing Ysgol Abersoch and offering pupils a place at a nearby school be realised, it is anticipated that it would have some effect on elements of community events. As such, it will be required as part of the process to encourage discussions between the alternative school and parents of pupils at Ysgol Abersoch so that parents and pupils can access their after school facilities and activities, and to encourage the alternative school to take advantage of the facilities at Abersoch community as well.

This assessment shows that it is anticipated that the closure of the school will have some negative impact on the community. To mitigate this impact, opportunities are identified to ensure that the community of Abersoch is aware of the activities of the alternative school, and community cooperation between the alternative school and the Abersoch community is encouraged, where appropriate.





Language Impact Assessment Report Ysgol Abersoch

- May 2021

1.	INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The Situation in Gwynedd
- 1.2 Language Policy
- 1.3 Educational Background

2. LINGUISTIC PROFILE OF THE ABERSOCH CATCHMENT AREA

- 2.1 The Background of Gwynedd's Language Profile
- 2.2 Wards
- 2.3 Ysgol Abersoch
- 2.4 Nearby Schools
- 2.5 Language Charter Statistics (Summer 2019)
- 2.6 After-school Activities
- 2.7 Community Activities
- 2.8 Welsh in Education Strategic Plan 2017-2020
- 2.9 Additional Evidence

3. IMPACT ON THE WELSH LANGUAGE

- 3.1 Options
- 3.2 Linguistic Impact Assessment

4. **CONCLUSION**

1. INTRODUCTION

Supporting and developing the ability of children in Gwynedd to learn and use their language skills is essentially important to the education strategies of the County.

1.1 Situation in Gwynedd

Figures in the 2011 Census note that 65,900 (56%) people aged three years and over can speak, read and write in Welsh. The 2011 Census also notes that 65% speak Welsh which is a reduction since the previous census, when the figure was 69%.

In Gwynedd, as many other Local Authorities in Wales, there is a considerable difference in the percentage of Welsh speakers within different wards. At one extreme, in wards such as Aberdyfi, Tywyn and the Menai ward in Bangor, between 18% and 38% of the population speaks Welsh, while as much as 88% speaks Welsh in the most Welsh-speaking areas e.g. Llanrug.

1.2 Language Policy

Primary

The aim of the Language Policy is the same across all the county's primary schools, which is to develop the ability of all pupils to be proficient in both languages by the end of KS2. Welsh is the official assessment language in the school at the end of the Foundation Phase. In KS2, the aim is to continue to develop the pupils' grasp of Welsh, giving attention to the development of their skills in both languages.

Secondary

In secondary schools, every pupil who has attained the necessary level, namely level 3+ at the end of KS2 is expected to pursue a Welsh Language Study Programme (First Language) in KS3 in order to ensure appropriate progression and continuation. It is hoped that these pupils can study Welsh and English as subjects until the end of year 11.

Secondary schools build upon the foundations set in primary by ensuring that each pupil continues to develop skills in Welsh and English. Gwynedd does not define secondary schools according to language categories as it is the same expectation in relation to the Language Policy, namely to provide all students in the county with an opportunity to be bilingually proficient.

1.3 Cymraeg 2050: A million Welsh Speakers

"The Welsh language is one of the treasures of Wales. It is part of what defines us as people and as a nation. Our ambition as a Welsh Government is to see one million people enjoying the ability to speak and use the Welsh language by 2050."

"Responding to the challenge of having one million Welsh speakers by 2050 calls for far-reaching changes ... We need to push the boundaries and take ambitious action so that more people learn and use the Welsh language. This strategy builds on the foundations already in place and moves us to the next stage in our linguistic journey. We have identified three strategic themes for realizing this vision. 1. Increasing the number of Welsh speakers 2. Increasing the use of Welsh 3. Creating favourable conditions - infrastructure and context"

"This is an all-Wales strategy, and we want all parts of the country to share the vision of a million Welsh speakers. There is potential for growth in the numbers of Welsh speakers, especially in those areas of Wales with a high population density but lower percentages of Welsh speakers. But there is also a need to ensure the viability of Welsh-speaking communities as places that facilitate the use of Welsh in all aspects of life. Our vision throughout the country is to create favourable conditions that support the acquisition of the language and the practice of using Welsh language skills. We want to see an increase in the practice of transmitting the language within the family, the practice of introducing Welsh at an early age to every child, an education system that gives everyone Welsh language skills, and a greater appreciation of language skills in the workplace. At the same time, we are committed to supporting people to use Welsh socially, in the workplace, and when using public services."

"The goal of securing one million speakers means further developing the methods most likely to lead to the increase needed. There are two main methods: transmitting the Welsh language from one generation to the next, and developing and maintaining Welsh language skills through education and training."

1.4 Promoting the Welsh Language in Gwynedd 2018-23

"Standard 145 of the Welsh Language Standards, imposed on Gwynedd Council in accordance with Section 44 of the Welsh Language (Wales) Measure 2011, places an expectation on the Council to produce a 5 year strategy which will show how we intend to proceed to promote the Welsh language and to facilitate the use of the Welsh language across the county. Gwynedd Council has a long history of promoting and protecting the language as the natural means of communication of its services. The Welsh language is given a prominent place in the Council's strategic plans, and the Council's Language Policy also states our commitment by stating that responsibility is placed on all Council Officers and Members to promote the Welsh language in all areas of their work.

3.2 Priority Area 2 - Language of Learning

The vision:

- Schools that give prestige and value the Welsh language and encourage greater use of Welsh as a medium of learning and socializing through the continued implementation of the Language Charter and Secondary Language Strategy.
- An increase in the number of young people choosing to study and receiving recognized qualifications or accreditations through the medium of Welsh.
- More pupils continuing to improve their Welsh language skills when transferring from primary to secondary and into post-compulsory education.
- More extended learning opportunities offered to young people in the form of work experience and apprenticeships with employers that give the Welsh language prominent status which will develop young people's understanding of the need for Welsh language skills for the workplace "

1.5 Educational Background

The 'Excellent Primary Education for the Children of Gwynedd' strategy was adopted by the Council in April 2009. A further higher strategy, 'Strategic Programme – Towards 2025', was developed and supported by the Council in October 2010. This document was prepared as a strategic foundation for steering developments in the field of education and training in Gwynedd for the next 15 years. The programme was presented in the context of policies and plans which were in the pipeline both locally and nationally, to transform the services provided for children, young people and their families. The 'Welsh in Education Strategic Plan for 2017-2020' was published in December 2017 which sets a vision, commitment and direction for ensuring that children and young people attain the highest standards in order to maintain the language, culture and economy locally.

2.1 The Background of Gwynedd's Language Profile

Nearly three quarters of the County's population were born in Wales (66.8%). 65.4% of the population aged three years and over are Welsh speakers - which is significantly higher than the national average of 19%. On the whole, there is an increase in the number of Welsh speakers and those born in Wales towards the west and moving inland from the most populated areas along the coast. In Gwynedd, the ability to speak Welsh is highest in the Llanrug ward (87.8% speak Welsh) and at its lowest in the Menai area of Bangor (18.6%).

2.2 Wards

2.2.1 Abersoch, Llanengan and Llanbedrog Wards

The existing catchment area of Ysgol Abersoch is within the Abersoch ward with the catchment area of Ysgol Sarn Bach and Ysgol Foel Gron within the Llanengan ward and the Ysgol Llanbedrog catchment area within the Llanbedrog ward (National Statistical Office). The linguistic profile of the wards of these schools are summarised in the following table:

	Abersoch	Llanengan	Llanbedrog	Gwynedd	Wales
Welsh identity only	266	670	453	71,931	1,761 673
	(34%)	(55.6%)	(45.2%)	(59.0%)	(57.5%)
No Welsh identity	473	480	504	42,566	1,045,775
	(60.4%)	(39.8)	(50.3%)	(34.9%)	(34.1%)
Households where at least one person has an alternative first language to Welsh or English	4	6	93	1,463	42,581
	(0.5%)	(0.5%)	(9.5%)	(1.2%)	(1.4%)
3+ years old population	773	1164	974	117,789	2,955,841
	(98.7%)	(96.5%)	(97.2%)	(96.6%)	(96.5%)
Able to speak Welsh	336	738	526	77,000	562,016
	(43.5%)	(63.4%)	(54%)	(65.4%)	(19%)
No Welsh language skills	370	360	400	31,177	2,167,987
	(47.9%)	(30.9%)	(41.1%)	(26.5%)	(73.3%)
Can understand Welsh verbally only	60	58	44	8,125	157,792
	(7.8%)	(5%)	(4.5%)	(6.9%)	(5.3%)
Able to speak but unable to read or write in Welsh	39	50	43	6,838	80,429
	(5%)	(4.3%)	(4.4%)	(5.8%)	(2.7%)
Able to speak and understand Welsh but unable to write in Welsh	21	22	22	3,947	45,524
	(2.7%	(1.9%)	(2.3%)	(3.4%)	(1.5%)
Able to speak, read and write in Welsh	275	666	460	65,921	430,717
	(35.6%)	(57.2%)	(47.2%)	(56%)	(14.6%)
Another combination of Welsh language skills	8	8	5	1,781	73,392
	(1%)	(0.7%)	(0.5%)	(1.5%)	(2.5%)

Source: 2011 Census, Office for National Statistics

2.3 Ysgol Abersoch

The following table below outlines the linguistic background of the pupils at Ysgol Abersoch. The table shows that none of the pupils speak Welsh fluently at home (PLASC 2020).

School	Speaks Welsh fluently at home	Does not speak Welsh at home but are fluent in Welsh	Speaks Welsh at home but not fluently	Does not speak Welsh at home and are not fluent in Welsh	Cannot speak Welsh at all	Total
Abersoch	0	0	3 (33%)	3 (33%)	3 (33%)	9

Source: Data from Headteachers PLASC January 2020

2.4 Nearby Schools

The linguistic data for Ysgol Sarn Bach and Ysgol Llanbedrog is as follows:

School	Speaks Welsh fluently at home	Does not speak Welsh at home but are fluent in Welsh	Speaks Welsh at home but not fluently	Does not speak Welsh at home and are not fluent in Welsh	Cannot speak Welsh at all	Total
Sarn Bach	25	4	2	11	5	47
	(53%)	(9%)	(4%)	(23%)	(11%)	47
Llanbedrog	32 (35%)	26 (29%)	3 (3%)	21 (23%)	9 (10%)	91
Foel Gron	18	4	2	11	8	43
1 oct droit	(42%)	(9%)	(5%)	(26%)	(19%)	43

Source: Data from Headteachers PLASC January 2020

2.5 Language Charter Statistics (Summer 2019)

As part of implementing the Language Charter, all Gwynedd primary school pupils complete a language web questionnaire about their use of Welsh at school twice a year. Here are the Summer 2019 statistics about Pupils' use of Welsh:

1. % of children who speak Welsh with their teachers								
Always Often Sometimes Very little Never								
Abersoch	67%	0%	0%	33%	0%			
Sarn Bach	75%	19%	6%	0%	0%			
Llanbedrog	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%			
Foel Gron	93%	7%	0%	0%	0%			

2. % of children who speak Welsh with the classroom assistants and other staff of the school									
	Always	Always Often Sometimes Very little Never							
Abersoch	50%	0%	17%	33%	0%				
Sarn Bach	75%	19%	6%	0%	0%				
Llanbedrog	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%				
Foel Gron	93%	7%	0%	0%	0%				

3. % of children who speak Welsh in the classroom, corridor and in the dining hall						
	Always	Always Often Sometimes Very little				
Abersoch	17%	0%	67%	17%	0%	
Sarn Bach	25%	56%	19%	0%	0%	
Llanbedrog	89%	11%	0%	0%	0%	
Foel Gron	93%	7%	0%	0%	0%	

4. % of children who speak Welsh on the schools playground						
	Always	Often	Sometimes	Very little	Never	
Abersoch	0%	17%	50%	33%	0%	
Sarn Bach	25%	63%	13%	0%	0%	
Llanbedrog	33%	44%	22%	0%	0%	
Foel Gron	79%	21%	0%	0%	0%	

5. % of children confident in speaking Welsh						
	Always	Often	Sometimes	Very little	Never	
Abersoch	33%	33%	17%	17%	0%	
Sarn Bach	44%	13%	31%	13%	0%	
Llanbedrog	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Foel Gron	71%	21%	7%	0%	0%	

6. % of children who think that it is important to speak Welsh						
	Always	Often	Sometimes	Very little	Never	
Abersoch	67%	0%	33%	0%	0%	
Sarn Bach	56%	38%	6%	0%	0%	
Llanbedrog	89%	11%	0%	0%	0%	
Foel Gron	79%	21%	0%	0%	0%	

Source: GwE Language 2019 Data

We see from the data above that the use of Welsh varies in the schools in the area. It appears that Abersoch children in the foundation phase are confident in speaking Welsh and use Welsh when speaking to teachers, assistants and staff. From the point of view of Ysgol Sarn Bach, we see that a higher percentage of children speak Welsh with teachers, assistants and staff. We also see that a higher percentage of children make informal use of Welsh - together on the corridor, in the lunch hall and on the playground, as well as with the school staff at Ysgol Sarn Bach compared to Ysgol Abersoch. It is therefore anticipated that transferring to Ysgol Sarn Bach would not have a negative impact on the language and would offer Abersoch children more opportunities to use Welsh when socializing.

Here are a number of responses received from Foundation Phase pupils that completed the Language Charter:

Abersoch: 6 Sarn Bach: 16 Llanbedrog: 9 Foel Gron: 14

2.6 After School Activities (November 2020)

Currently, some school activities take place at Ysgol Abersoch such as the Urdd. Many events are also held in Abersoch village hall Here is a summary of what Ysgol Abersoch and the nearby schools offer after school:

	Abers	Abersoch		Sarn Bach		Llanbedrog		Foel Gron	
	School	Village	School	Village	School	Village	School	Village	
	building	Hall	building	Hall	building	Hall	building	Hall	
Play Groups (School holidays)									
Aelwyd/Adrannau'r Urdd	✓		√			√	√		
Coffee Morning/Evening		√	✓			✓	√		
Cylch/Nursery School	✓					√			
Sports Club/Activity	✓	✓			√		✓		

(✓ added in response to comments received during the statutory consultation)

It can be seen in the table above that a number of schools in the area, including Ysgol Abersoch, offer after school clubs with the Urdd. This means that the pupils can take advantage of the activities and use them as an additional opportunity to use and develop the Welsh language. In terms of short term provisions, we also understand that Hunaniaith run a weekly afterschool Craft to promote the use of the Welsh language in the local area.

2.7 Community Activities

There is a village hall in Abersoch, and the School also make regular use of this resources. We also understand that Ysgol Abersoch is involved in Hunaniaith activities such as Diwrnod Su'mae to promote the benefits of using the language in business.

2.8 Welsh in Education Strategic Plan 2017-2020

Both schools, Ysgol Abersoch and Ysgol Sarn Bach, implement the aims of Gwynedd Council's Welsh in Education Strategic Plan 2017-2020. This includes:

- Setting a strong foundation for the Welsh language at the Early Years stage, ensuring that
 pupils from a non-Welsh speaking background are given the opportunity to learn Welsh as
 soon as possible.
- During the Foundation Phase, building on the foundation established at the nursery and reception stages by continuing to develop pupils' grasp of Welsh, and begin the process of developing their English language skills. On a practical level, this means that most schools would start introducing English as a subject during the final term at the end of the Foundation Phase, concentrating on developing reading, speaking and writing skills in that language. Welsh will be the school's official assessment language at the end of the Foundation Phase.
- In KS2, continue to develop the pupils' mastery of Welsh, paying attention to the development of their skills in both languages. Pupils' progress in Welsh and English are assessed at the end of the key stage.

Implementing the proposal would conform to the Welsh in Education Strategic Plan in Education 2017-20 objectives.

2.9 Additional Evidence

Ysgol Abersoch

The 2017 Estyn report states:

"Welsh in the school's everyday language and the main medium of teaching and learning, and English is taught formally in Year 3. Thirty-nine per cent (39%) of pupils come from Welsh-speaking homes. There are no pupils from ethnic minority backgrounds. On entry to the school, basic skills are lower than expected, and Welsh is a new language to a majority of pupils."

(https://www.estyn.gov.wales/sites/www.estyn.gov.wales/files/documents/Ysgol%20Gynradd%2 OAbersoch%20en.pdf)

Ysgol Sarn Bach

The school website states:

"Our intention and hope is that every child is able to, and chooses to speak Welsh of a good quality in every aspect of the school's life, and takes pride in the Welsh language, culture and traditions."

The Estyn 2017 report states:

"Welsh is the main medium of the school's life and work, and English is introduced as a subject in key stage 2... Approximately 47% of pupils come from Welsh-speaking homes"

(https://www.estyn.gov.wales/sites/www.estyn.gov.wales/files/documents/Ysgol%20Sarn%20Bac h%20en.pdf)

Ysgol Llanbedrog:

The school website states:

"...to promote the school's Welsh ethos, it is expected that the Welsh language is used for informal conversation in the classroom and on the playground.

The Estyn 2014 report states:

"About a quarter of pupils come from homes in which Welsh is spoken as a first language."

Ysgol Foel Gron:

The Estyn 2015 report states:

"Welsh is the everyday language at the school and the main medium of teaching and learning. English is taught formally in key stage 2. About 71% of pupils come from Welsh-speaking homes. A very few pupils are from an ethnic minority background."

(https://www.estyn.gov.wales/system/files/2020-08/Ysgol%2520Foel%2520Gron%2520eng.pdf)

3. IMPACT ON THE WELSH LANGUAGE

3.1 Options

A number of options were proposed and discussed at the local meetings. Following an evaluation of these options against the Strategy factors, the list was refined to 3 options for further consideration, in addition to the Do Nothing option.

• Do nothing - continue with the current structure of the school.

It is anticipated that this option would be neutral in terms of its impact on the Welsh language, as it would mean continuing with the current situation.

Federation with a neighbouring school

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement, between a neighbouring school/schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

The formation of a formal federation with a school or other schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and increase pupils' opportunities to socialise and collaborate with peers.

In this case, for geographical reasons, Ysgol Sarn Bach, and Ysgol Llanbedrog were considered as reasonable options for the collaborative arrangement. Ysgol Foel Gron was not considered as it is not possible to federate schools with charitable status, with those with Community status.

It is envisaged that this option would be neutral in terms of its impact on the Welsh language as Ysgol Abersoch would continue. The option would also provide an opportunity to co-plan the curriculum and share resources across the schools of the federation.

• Extend the age range of Ysgol Abersoch from 3-8 years to 3-11 years

At present, the age range of Ysgol Abersoch means that the school's education provision ceases at the end of year 3. Extending the age range to 3-11 would mean that the school could continue to educate pupils until the end of Key Stage 2, which is the end of year 6. This would be consistent with the age range of the majority of the county's primary schools.

It is envisaged that this option would be neutral in terms of its impact on the Welsh language as Ysgol Abersoch would continue. With the exception of a possible change to the staffing structure, it is anticipated that provision in the school would continue in the same way.

• Close Ysgol Abersoch and pupils to be educated at an alternative school

This option would mean that Ysgol Abersoch would close, and that current pupils would be offered a place at Ysgol Sarn Bach (the alternative school).

Further options considered following the statutory consultation:

Multi-Site School

A Multi-Site School means that one school will be established but on two or three sites. Statutorily, the school will have one legal entity, and the school will have one Headteacher, with manager/s on different sites. The school will have one budget and one governing body, and all sites will receive Estyn inspections at the same time - as one school.

If this option would to be implemented, then existing school catchment areas would be modified. The Authority's Transport Policy and Access Policy would be implemented as usual. Therefore, any application for admission to the Multi-Site School would be considered as an application to the whole school. Control of admission to the different sites would become part of the schools policy.

It is envisaged that this option would be neutral in terms of its impact on the Welsh language as Ysgol Abersoch would continue. The option would also offer the opportunity to jointly plan the curriculum and share resources across the Multi-Site School sites.

Federation with Ysgol Sarn Bach and Llanbedrog, and a joint working arrangement with Ysgol Foel Gron.

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement between neighbouring schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

Forming a formal federation with another school or schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and offer more opportunities for pupils to socialise and work with peers.

It is envisaged that this option would be neutral in terms of its impact on the Welsh language as Ysgol Abersoch would continue. The option would also offer the opportunity to jointly plan the curriculum and pool resources across the federation's schools.

• Enlli Federation - (Ysgol Abersoch, Llanbedrog, Sarn Bach, Pont Y Gof, Crud y Werin, Botwnnog Secondary and collaboration arrangement with Ysgol Foel Gron).

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement between neighbouring schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

Forming a formal federation with another school or schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and offer more opportunities for pupils to socialise and work with peers.

It is envisaged that this option would be neutral in terms of its impact on the Welsh language as Ysgol Abersoch would continue. The option would also offer the opportunity to jointly plan the curriculum and pool resources across the federation's schools.

The table on the following page includes an assessment of the linguistic impact of closing Ysgol Abersoch, and offering pupils a place at Ysgol Sarn Bach compared to the current situation. The table also outlines opportunities to strengthen the Welsh language and methods to mitigate any potential negative impact that may result from the model.

Assessing the linguistic impact of closing Ysgol Abersoch and offering pupils a place at Ysgol Sarn Bach compared to the current situation.

Impact Criteria	Description		Status of the impact and the work	Have any measures been identified to mitigate any negative impact or to create more positive opportunities?	Final impact (following mitigation methods)	
The language of the school (Formal)	medium school would not impa provision. As the pupils we children of the	, it is therefore con ict on the language ould be taught in la same age group, th opportunities for p	rn Bach) is also a Welsh cluded that the proposal medium of the education arger classes and with more e proposal could upils to socialise in Welsh	Neutral No impact on the language of the school	N/A	N/A
The language of the school (Informal)	It is noted that a higher percentage of pupils come from Welsh speaking homes at Ysgol Sarn Bach (57%), compared with Ysgol Abersoch (33%). By transferring pupils from Ysgol Abersoch to Ysgol Sarn Bach, it is anticipated that the percentage of pupils that come from Welsh-speaking homes would be around 54%. As a result, it is envisaged that there would be more opportunities for Abersoch pupils to use Welsh informally with their peers both inside and outside the classroom, and that the level of vibrancy of Welsh and the informal use of the language would be strengthened.		Positive	Purposeful language planning by Ysgol Sarn Bach to ensure a positive impact on the language.	Positive	

Access to Welsh medium education	The alternative school is a Welsh medium school, as is Ysgol Abersoch. It is therefore not envisaged that the proposal would have an impact on this criteria.	Neutral No impact on the situation of the language	N/A	N/A
Non-statutory provision	Pupils would have access to a higher supply in terms of staffing, and would be part of a larger peer group of the same age.	Positive	The Local Authority and the Ysgol Sarn Bach Governing Body could discuss methods to ensure that pupils can participate in extra-curricular activities.	Positive
Before/after school activities	The alternative school is a larger school in terms of pupil numbers so the peer groups will be larger. Like Ysgol Abersoch, Ysgol Sarn Bach offers before and after school activities, as a result it is not anticipated that the proposal would impact on this criteria.	Neutral	The Local Authority and the Governing Body of Ysgol Sarn Bach could consider any additional opportunities for after-school activities, ensuring that arrangements are as accessible as possible for all pupils.	Positive
Using Welsh in the community	According to the 2011 census, 43.5% of the population of Abersoch ward speak Welsh. It is noted that a higher percentage of pupils come from Welsh speaking homes at Ysgol Sarn Bach (57%), compared with Ysgol Abersoch (33%). As a result, should the proposal be implemented, it is envisaged that there would be more opportunities for Abersoch pupils to use the Welsh language with their peers in class, and socially as well. Ysgol Abersoch has worked hard to develop the children's bilingual skills and promote the importance of Welsh culture within the community. As a result, the closure of Ysgol Abersoch could have a negative impact on the Welsh language within the local community,	Neutral	The Local Authority and the Governing Body of the alternative school may consider ways of promoting the use of the Welsh language in the communities of Abersoch and Sarn Bach through after school activities.	Neutral

4. **CONCLUSIONS**

Our expectations are that all of the county's pupils have age-relevant and well-balanced bilingual skills to enable them to be full members of the bilingual society of which they are part. Proposals to change local arrangements would have to take full consideration of all linguistic impacts. Supporting and improving the use of the Welsh language as an educational and social language among children will be a key consideration when drawing up proposals within the area.

The assessment notes that the options to Do Nothing (continue with the current situation), form a federation with a nearby school, and extend the age range of the school are neutral in terms of their impact on the Welsh language as they would mean that the school would remain in Abersoch.

In terms of the option to close Ysgol Abersoch and offer pupils a place at Ysgol Sarn Bach, it is not anticipated that the option would have a negative effect on the children's linguistic ability. This option would mean that children continue to be educated in a Welsh medium school. It is noted that a higher percentage of pupils come from Welsh speaking homes at Ysgol Sarn Bach (57%), compared with Ysgol Abersoch (33%). By transferring pupils from Ysgol Abersoch to Ysgol Sarn Bach, it is anticipated that the percentage of pupils that come from Welsh-speaking homes would be around 54%. As a result, it is envisaged that there would be more opportunities for Abersoch pupils to use Welsh informally with their peers both inside and outside the classroom, and that the level of vibrancy of Welsh and the informal use of the language would be strengthened. Ysgol Abersoch has worked hard to develop children's bilingual skills and promote the importance of Welsh culture. It is therefore important that the proposal to move the children recognises the need to support and continue this work.





Well-being Assessment Report Ysgol Abersoch

- May 2021

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- 1. INTRODUCTION
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- 4. SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT PRINCIPLES
- 5. CONCLUSION

1. INTRODUCTION

As a Council we are committed to the principles within the Well-being of Future Generations Act (2015) in order to improve the economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being of Gwynedd's communities. The Council's vision is:

Our vision as a Council is to support all the people of Gwynedd to thrive and live full lives in their community, in a county which is one of the best counties to live in.

The Council has adopted well-being objectives that complement the national well-being goals and ensure that Gwynedd residents:

- Enjoy a happy, healthy and safe life
- Have access to quality homes within their communities
- Earn enough wages to support themselves and their families
- Receive a first class education that will allow them to do what they want to do
- To live with dignity and independence for as long as possible
- Being able to live in a naturally Welsh speaking Society
- Enjoy the beauty of the County's natural environment.

The table below outlines the link between our well-being objectives and the national well-being goals.

We will ensure that the residents of Gwynedd can:	Prosperous	Resilient	Healthier	Equal	Cohesive Communities	A vibrant culture where the Welsh language is thriving	Globally responsible
Enjoy happy, healthy and safe lives							
Live in quality homes within their communities							
Earn a sufficient salary to be able to support themselves and their families							
Receive education of the highest quality which will enable them to do what they want to do							
Live with dignity and independently for as long as possible							
Live in a natural Welsh society							
Take advantage of the beauty of the County's natural environment.							

The Education Department has a role to promote the Act's well-being goals to the county's pupils through its activities and projects. The Act places a duty on public bodies in Wales to improve economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being. As part of the duty the Council has published well-being objectives that outline how it will improve well-being in the "Gwynedd Council Plan 2018-2023".

1.1 Ysgol Abersoch Context

At its meeting on 17 September 2019, Gwynedd Council's Cabinet approved the Education Department "to initiate formal discussions with the governing body and other relevant stakeholders of Ysgol Abersoch due to concerns over the school numbers, thus enabling a range of possible options to be drawn up relating to the future of the school."

Between October 2019 and January 2020, 3 local meetings were held with stakeholders at Ysgol Abersoch where a number of options were proposed and discussed. Following the evaluation of those options, the list was refined to 3 options for further consideration, in addition to the Do Nothing model. Those options are detailed below:

- Do nothing continue with the current structure of the school.

 Although the case for change has been established, the Do nothing model has been included for comparison purposes.
- Federation with a neighbouring school

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement, between a neighbouring school/schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

The formation of a formal federation with a school or other schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and increase pupils' opportunities to socialise and collaborate with peers.

In this case, for geographical reasons, Ysgol Sarn Bach, and Ysgol Llanbedrog were considered as reasonable options for the collaborative arrangement. Ysgol Foel Gron was not considered as it is not possible to federate schools with charitable status, with those with Community status.

• Extend the age range of Ysgol Abersoch from 3-8 years to 3-11 years

At present, the age range of Ysgol Abersoch means that the school's education provision ceases at the end of year 3. Extending the age range to 3-11 would mean that the school could continue to educate pupils until the end of Key Stage 2, which is the end of year 6. This would be consistent with the age range of the majority of the county's primary schools.

Close Ysgol Abersoch and pupils to be educated at an alternative school

This option would mean that Ysgol Abersoch would close, and that current pupils would be offered a place at Ysgol Sarn Bach (the alternative school).

At its meeting on 15 September 2020, Gwynedd Council Cabinet resolved to hold a statutory consultation, in accordance with the requirements of section 48 of the School Standards and Organisation (Wales) Act 2013, on the proposal to close Ysgol Abersoch on 31 August 2021 and to provide a place for the pupils at Ysgol Sarn Bach from 1 September 2021. The decision was confirmed by the Cabinet at its meeting on 3 November 2020, after the original decision was called in and referred back to the Cabinet by the Education and Economy Scrutiny Committee at its meeting on 9 October 2020.

A statutory consultation was held between 12 January and 23 February 2021 and 154 responses to the consultation were received.

Further options considered following the statutory consultation:

• Multi-Site School

A Multi-Site School means that one school will be established but on two or three sites. Statutorily, the school will have one legal entity, and the school will have one Headteacher, with manager/s on different sites. The school will have one budget and one governing body, and all sites will receive Estyn inspections at the same time - as one school.

If this option would to be implemented, then existing school catchment areas would be modified. The Authority's Transport Policy and Access Policy would be implemented as usual. Therefore, any application for admission to the Multi-Site School would be considered as an application to the whole school. Control of admission to the different sites would become part of the schools policy.

• Federation with Ysgol Sarn Bach and Llanbedrog, and a joint working arrangement with Ysgol Foel Gron.

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement between neighbouring schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

Forming a formal federation with another school or schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and offer more opportunities for pupils to socialise and work with peers.

• Enlli Federation - (Ysgol Abersoch, Llanbedrog, Sarn Bach, Pont Y Gof, Crud y Werin, Botwnnog Secondary and collaboration arrangement with Ysgol Foel Gron).

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement between neighbouring schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

Forming a formal federation with another school or schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and offer more opportunities for pupils to socialise and work with peers.

Following a more detailed assessment of the above options, it was concluded that the proposal to close Ysgol Abersoch and offer the pupils a place at Ysgol Sarn Bach was in response to the main challenges facing the school, namely low pupil numbers and small classes.

2. HOW DOES THE PROPOSAL MEET GWYNEDD COUNCIL'S WELL-BEING OBJECTIVES?

Gwynedd Council's well-being objectives were considered when evaluating the options.

Do nothing - continue with	Do nothing - continue with the status quo.		
Objectives	Details:		
Enjoy a happy, healthy and safe life	No effect		
Live in quality homes within their communities	No effect		
Earn a sufficient wage to support themselves and their families	No effect		
Receive education of the highest quality that will allow them to do what they want to do	No effect		
To live with dignity and independently for as long as possible	No effect		
Live in a naturally Welsh society	No effect		
Take advantage beauty of the County's natural environment	No effect		

Extend the age range of Ysgol Abersoch from 3-8 years to 3-11 years				
Objectives	Details:			
Enjoy a happy, healthy and safe life	No effect			
Live in quality homes within their communities	No effect			
Earn a sufficient wage to support themselves and their families	No effect			
Receive education of the highest quality that will allow them to do what they want to do	It is not anticipated that the option would affect this aim. There would be a statutory process involved in extending the age range. No impact is anticipated on the current governance arrangements.			
To live with dignity and independently for as long as possible	No effect			
Live in a naturally Welsh society	No effect			
Take advantage beauty of the County's natural environment	No effect			

Federation with a nearby S	Federation with a nearby School				
Objectives	Details:				
Enjoy a happy, healthy and safe life	No effect				
Live in quality homes within their communities	No effect				
Earn a sufficient wage to support themselves and their families	No effect				
Receive education of the highest quality that will allow them to do what they want to do	No effect. There would be a statutory process involved in establishing a formal federation and establishing a federal governing body. The option would offer opportunities for sharing staff and sharing expertise across the schools. It would also offer opportunities to collaborate on curricular issues and develop joint plans.				
To live with dignity and independently for as long as possible	No effect				

Live in a naturally Welsh society	No effect
Take advantage beauty of the	No effect
County's natural environment	

Close Ysgol Abersoch and pupils to be educated at an alternative school		
Objectives	Details:	
Enjoy a happy, healthy and safe life	No effect	
Live in quality homes within their communities	No effect	
Earn a sufficient wage to support themselves and their families	It is envisaged that implementing this option would result in staff redundancies. A detailed staffing policy has been developed by Gwynedd Council in conjunction with Trade Unions and head teachers. The policy will form the basis of any change to the employment of staff resulting from any proposal. Clear and open communication will be central to the successful implementation of any proposals.	
Receive education of the highest quality that will allow them to do what they want to do	Ensuring that the pupils receive a first class education will be central to the proposal, ensuring that they receive at least the same quality and standard of education at the alternative school.	
To live with dignity and independently for as long as possible	It is not anticipated that the proposal would be likely to have an impact on this aim.	
Live in a naturally Welsh society	A language impact assessment was undertaken. Pupils at Ysgol Abersoch live in a community where Welsh and English exist side by side, and are educated in a Welsh medium school, such as Ysgol Sarn Bach. The language impact assessment notes that the position of the alternative school is strong, with 57% of pupils coming from homes that can speak Welsh. By comparison, 33% of pupils at Ysgol Abersoch come from homes that can speak Welsh.	
Take advantage beauty of the County's natural environment	No effect	
County 3 Hatural Ellvironinient		

Multi-Site School		
Objectives	Details:	
Enjoy a happy, healthy and safe life	No effect	
Live in quality homes within their communities	No effect	
Earn a sufficient wage to support themselves and their families	No effect	
Receive education of the highest quality that will allow them to do what they want to do	No effect. There would be a statutory process involved in establishing a Multi- site School and establishing a governing body for the new school. The option would offer opportunities to share staff and share expertise across school sites. It would also offer opportunities to collaborate on curricular issues and develop joint plans.	
To live with dignity and independently for as long as possible	No effect	

Federation with Ysgol Sarn Bach and Llanbedrog, and a joint working arrangement with Ysgol Foel Gron.		
Objectives	Details:	
Enjoy a happy, healthy and safe life	No effect	
Live in quality homes within their communities	No effect	
Earn a sufficient wage to support themselves and their families	No effect	
Receive education of the highest	No effect. There would be a statutory process involved in establishing a formal	
quality that will allow them to do	federation and establishing a federal governing body. The option would offer	
what they want to do	opportunities for sharing staff and sharing expertise across the schools. It would	

	also offer opportunities to collaborate on curricular issues and develop joint plans.
To live with dignity and	No effect
independently for as long as possible	

Enlli Federation - (Ysgol Abersoch, Llanbedrog, Sarn Bach, Pont Y Gof, Crud y Werin, Botwnnog Secondary and collaboration arrangement with Ysgol Foel Gron).

Objectives	Details:
Enjoy a happy, healthy and safe life	No effect
Live in quality homes within their communities	No effect
Earn a sufficient wage to support themselves and their families	No effect
Receive education of the highest quality that will allow them to do what they want to do	No effect. There would be a statutory process involved in establishing a formal federation and establishing a federal governing body. The option would offer opportunities for sharing staff and sharing expertise across the schools. It would also offer opportunities to collaborate on curricular issues and develop joint plans.
To live with dignity and independently for as long as possible	No effect

3. DOES THE PROPOSAL MEET THE GOALS OF THE WELL-BEING ACT?

Aim	Does the proposal contribute to this aim?	Measures to mitigate negative impacts on this aim:
A prosperous Wales An innovative society using resources efficiently and proportionately, educated people, creating wealth and work.	The proposal would allow pupils to be educated in larger classes and with more children of the same age group. It is therefore envisaged that it would enrich pupils' learning and social experiences. In addition, the proposal contributes to the goal by making more prudent use of resources. Implementing this option could result in staff losing their jobs.	Staff and Union representatives will be consulted specifically as part of the statutory consultation period. Gwynedd Council has developed a detailed staffing policy, in conjunction with Trade Unions and head teachers. Any redundancies as a result of this proposal will have to conform to that policy. Clear and open communication will play a central role in implementing any proposals.
A resilient Wales A nation that maintains and enhances biodiversity and healthy ecosystems that support resilience and the ability to adapt to change (for example climate change).	It is not anticipated that the proposal is likely to have an impact on this aim.	No effect.
A healthier Wales A society where people's physical and mental well-being is as good as possible and people understand what affects their health.	It is not anticipated that the proposal is likely to have an impact on this aim.	No effect.
A more equal Wales A society that enables people to fulfil their potential irrespective of background or circumstances (including their socio-economic background and circumstances).	The proposal has been developed within the context of the Excellent Primary Education For children in Gwynedd The strategy outlines the vision: "Provide education of the best possible quality that will provide the county's children with the experiences, skills and confidence to develop into bilingual, successful and well-rounded citizens	The equality assessment noted that the proposal was not anticipated to have a negative impact on equality. In addition, it was noted that robust policies and procedures were in place to ensure that the proposal considered complied with equal rights. It is noted that measures are already in place to ensure that there is no unlawful discrimination and harassment.
A Wales of cohesive communities Attractive, viable and safe communities with good connections	Following a community impact assessment, it was concluded that there would be some negative impact on the community should the school close.	Whilst acknowledging the negative impact the closure of the school could have on the Abersoch community, it is noted that 35% of the 26 pupils (3-8) living in the Abersoch catchment area already attend Ysgol Sarn Bach. It is therefore believed that a link already exists between the alternative school and the community in Abersoch. By implementing the proposal there will be an opportunity to build on these links between the Abersoch community and Ysgol Sarn Bach by holding discussions

		that would promote the inclusion of the Abersoch community in the community activity of the school.
A vibrant Wales and culture where the Welsh language	No impact is anticipated on this aim as the proposal would mean	-
thrives	that pupils would continue to be educated in a Welsh medium	
A society that promotes and protects culture, heritage	school	
and the Welsh language and encourages people to		
participate in the arts, sports and leisure activities.		
Wales is globally responsible.	It is not anticipated that the proposal is likely to have an impact	No effect.
A nation that, in doing anything to improve the	on this aim.	
economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being		
of Wales, is considering whether doing such a thing		
could contribute positively to global well-being.		

4. SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT PRINCIPLES

Sustainable Development Principles	Does the proposal consider the principle?
Long term The importance of balancing short-term needs with the	There has been a pattern of low numbers at Ysgol Abersoch for some years, and the situation is now unsustainable. With projections showing numbers to remain low, it is concluded that the challenges facing the school are long-term, and
need to safeguard the ability to meet long-term needs is also important.	therefore the case for change is clear.
Suspension How action to prevent problems from occurring or escalating can help public bodies achieve their objectives.	Should Cabinet decide to take further action, the needs of the children will be a priority when undertaking any reorganisation process.
Integration Consider how the public body's well-being objectives may affect each of the well-being goals, all of its other objectives, or the objectives of other public bodies.	The authority began the process of reviewing the school situation in the wake of a critical situation facing the school.
Collaboration Collaboration with any other person (or different departments within the organisation itself) could help the organization meet its well-being goals.	As part of the options appraisal process the Education Department received input from a number of other departments within the Council. In addition, a series of local meetings were held to obtain initial input from the stakeholders.
Contents The importance of involving people with an interest in achieving the well-being goals, and ensuring that those people reflect the diversity of the area they serve.	The proposal will be subject of a public consultation, and a consultation with children and young people. The process to date has included local review meetings to engage with the relevant stakeholders of the school. These meetings have included the Governing Body, staff, and parents of Ysgol Abersoch.

5. CONCLUSION

Following consideration and assessment in accordance with the requirements of the well-being act, the 7 well-being goals of the Council and the Council's well-being objectives were considered and it is concluded that the proposal meets the requirements. This proposal will allow us to respond to and meet the needs of the children today, and also strengthen their future well-being.

It is acknowledged that should the Cabinet decide to proceed with this proposal, it may result in the closure of a school in the Abersoch community, however a large number of the children living within the school's catchment area already attend other schools, including the alternative school, and therefore there is already a link between Ysgol Sarn Bach and the Abersoch community. Every effort will be made to mitigate the impact on the community by encouraging links between the communities. Should the proposal be approved, discussions will take place to discuss the possibility that activities at Ysgol Sarn Bach includes the Abersoch community, where appropriate.

The proposed proposal will ensure that children in the area are educated in a suitable site and in a naturally Welsh speaking society, increasing opportunities for socialising and working with others and giving them a fair chance to flourish among their peers.





Equality Assessment Report Ysgol Abersoch

- May 2021

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- 2. OPTIONS
- 3. IMPACT OF ANY CHANGE
- 4. ANALYSIS OF RESULTS
- 5. CONCLUSION

1. INTRODUCTION

Ysgol Abersoch is located in the center of the village of Abersoch near Pwllheli, and provides education for 3-8 year olds. The school has a capacity of 42 (Nursery to Year 3), and in January 2020, it had 7 full-time pupils (aged 4-8), and 2 nursery pupils. To date (September 2020) the school has 8 full time pupils (aged 4-8), and 2 nursery pupils.

At its meeting on 17 September 2019, Gwynedd Council's Cabinet approved the Education Department "to initiate formal discussions with the governing body and other relevant stakeholders of Ysgol Abersoch due to concerns over the school numbers, thus enabling a range of possible options to be drawn up relating to the future of the school."

In accordance with the Cabinet's decision (17 September 2019), an Ysgol Abersoch Review Panel (SRP) was established and the Governing Body, parents, staff and the Local Elected Member were invited to join the panel and participate in the discussion. Three SRP meetings were held between October 2019 and January 2020 to discuss a range of options to seek to resolve the main challenges faced by the school.

At its meeting on 15 September 2020, Gwynedd Council Cabinet resolved to hold a statutory consultation, in accordance with the requirements of section 48 of the School Standards and Organisation (Wales) Act 2013, on the proposal to close Ysgol Abersoch on 31 August 2021 and to provide a place for the pupils at Ysgol Sarn Bach from 1 September 2021. The decision was confirmed by the Cabinet at its meeting on 3 November 2020, after the original decision was called in and referred back to the Cabinet by the Education and Economy Scrutiny Committee at its meeting on 9 October 2020.

As part of the process of developing a proposal (s) for school / school reorganisation, the Council is required (in accordance with the Equality Act 2010) to consider the impact of a change in any policy or procedure (or the creation of a policy or new procedure), on people with protected equality characteristics. The Council also has additional general duties to ensure fairness and foster good relations. An Equality Impact Assessment must therefore be carried out before a decision is made on any material change (i.e. that affects people with a protected characteristic).

A statutory consultation was held between 12 January and 23 February 2021 and 154 responses to the consultation were received.

OPTIONS

A number of options were proposed and discussed at the local meetings. Following an evaluation of these options against the Strategy factors, the list was refined to 3 options for further consideration, in addition to the Do Nothing option.

• Do nothing - continue with the current structure of the school.

Although the case for change has been established, the Do nothing model is included for comparison purposes.

Federation with a neighbouring school

This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement, between a neighbouring school/schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniforms, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

The formation of a formal federation with a school or other schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and increase pupils' opportunities to socialise and collaborate with peers.

In this case, for geographical reasons, Ysgol Sarn Bach, and Ysgol Llanbedrog were considered as reasonable options for the collaborative arrangement. Ysgol Foel Gron was not considered as it is not possible to federate schools with charitable status, with those with Community status.

Extend the age range of Ysgol Abersoch from 3-8 years to 3-11 years

At present, the age range of Ysgol Abersoch means that the school's education provision ceases at the end of year 3. Extending the age range to 3-11 would mean that the school could continue to educate pupils until the end of Key Stage 2, which is the end of year 6. This would be consistent with the age range of the majority of the county's primary schools.

• Close Ysgol Abersoch and pupils to be educated at an alternative school

This option would mean that Ysgol Abersoch would close, and that current pupils would be offered a place at Ysgol Sarn Bach (the alternative school).

Further options considered following the statutory consultation:

Multi-Site School

A Multi-Site School means that one school will be established but on two or three sites. Statutorily, the school will have one legal entity, and the school will have one Headteacher, with manager/s on different sites. The school will have one budget and one governing body, and all sites will receive Estyn inspections at the same time - as one school.

If this option would to be implemented, then existing school catchment areas would be modified. The Authority's Transport Policy and Access Policy would be implemented as usual. Therefore, any application for admission to the Multi-Site School would be considered as an application to the whole school. Control of admission to the different sites would become part of the schools policy.

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This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement between neighbouring schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

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This option would involve establishing a formal collaboration arrangement between neighbouring schools. These schools would share a single governing body, but at the same time retain their legal status as separate entities, their financial allocation, name and school uniform, and continue to have their own Estyn inspection.

Forming a formal federation with another school or schools would strengthen the leadership position of the school, and offer more opportunities for pupils to socialise and work with peers.

Following a more detailed assessment of the above options, it was concluded that the proposal to close Ysgol Abersoch and offer the pupils a place at Ysgol Sarn Bach was in response to the main challenges facing the school, namely low pupil numbers and small classes.

3. IMPACT OF ANY CHANGE

The Council must have due regard to the impact any changes will have on people with equality characteristics below. What impact will the new policy / service or proposed changes have on these features?

Features	What kind of impact? *	In what way? What is the evidence?
Race (including nationality)	None	Gwynedd schools have relevant policies in place to protect individuals from any racial discrimination, such as Equality, Inclusion and Anti-Bullying Policies. The Anti-bullying Policy provided by Gwynedd Council sets out anti-bullying guidelines and procedures based on factors such as race at school. In addition, the Equality Policy implemented by Gwynedd primary schools states that the schools "opposes to all types of prejudice and discrimination and acknowledges that pupils have different needs, requirements and objectives." It is therefore not envisaged that the proposal would have an impact on this feature.
The Welsh language	None	The Council's Welsh Education Scheme will impose the same requirements on all schools, and therefore in terms of implementing the policy, it is not anticipated that there would be an impact if the proposal were to be implemented. A language impact assessment was carried out on the proposal.
Disability	None	Under the requirements of the Council Policy, schools are required to provide an Anti-Bullying Policy, therefore the alternative school will be expected to protect against disability-related bullying, and indeed any other ground. Gwynedd schools also have a Transport Code of Practice. Staff at the alternative school will need to provide the same
Gender	None	level of care and be aware of all the needs of the pupils. It is not anticipated that implementing the proposal will have an impact in terms of gender, as all affected schools implement an equality policy which states that the school: "opposes to all types of prejudice and discrimination and acknowledges that pupils have different needs, requirements and objectives."
Age	Any effect would be minimal (positive or negative)	Ysgol Abersoch provides education for pupils aged 3-8 years. If the proposal were implemented, it would mean that the pupils would transfer to a school with an age range of 3 to 11 on one site. However, it is not anticipated that this would have a negative impact – all affected schools implement an equality policy which states that the school: "opposes to all types of prejudice and discrimination and acknowledges that pupils have different needs, requirements and objectives."
Sexual orientation	None	It is noted in the Equality Policy implemented by Gwynedd's primary schools that schools

		"opposes to all types of prejudice and discrimination and acknowledges that pupils have different needs, requirements and objectives."
Religion or belief (or lack of belief)	None	Ysgol Abersoch and the alternative school, Ysgol Sarn Bach are community schools - the proposal does not suggest changing this.
		Each school has an Inclusion Policy that would deal with any discriminatory incident that might occur in the school, related to religion or belief.
Gender Reassignment	None	It is noted in the Equality Policy implemented by Gwynedd's primary schools that schools: "opposes to all types of prejudice and discrimination and acknowledges that pupils have different needs, requirements and objectives."
Pregnancy and maternity	None	-
Marriage and civil partnership	None	-

The Council has a duty under the Equality Act 2010 to make a positive contribution to a fairer society by promoting equality and good relations in its activities in the areas of age, gender, sexual orientation, religion, race, transgender, disability and pregnancy and maternity.

General Duties of the Equality Act	Does it make an impact? *	In what way? What is the evidence?
Remove illegal discrimination, harassment and victimisation	No	Implementing the proposal would not alter the statutory duty of affected schools to protect pupils from discrimination, harassment or victimisation. The aim is to give pupils the opportunity to express their views in a way that is appropriate and appropriate given any factors that affect them. They will continue to use the School Council, personal and social education lessons, anti-bullying policies and other means to ensure that the school prohibits unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation.
Promote equal opportunities	No	It is anticipated that the alternative school will continue to promote equal opportunities.
Encouraging good relationships	No	As some of the pupils in the Ysgol Abersoch catchment area already attend Ysgol Sarn Bach it is fair to note that a connection between Ysgol Sarn Bach and the Abersoch community already exists. However, opportunities to build further on the relationship with the community in Abersoch could arise from implementing the proposal.

4.1 Is the proposal therefore likely to have a significant, positive impact on any of the equality characteristics or the General Duty? What is the reason for this?

As Ysgol Abersoch and Ysgol Sarn Bach operate the same policies in relation to equality and antibullying, it is not envisaged that the proposal would have significant impact on any of the equality characteristics or the General Duty referred to in this document.

4.2 Is the proposal therefore likely to have a significant, negative impact on any of the equality characteristics or the General Duty? What is the reason for this?

As Ysgol Abersoch and Ysgol Sarn Bach operate the same policies in relation to equality and antibullying, it is not envisaged that the proposal would have significant impact on any of the equality characteristics or the General Duty referred to in this document.

4.3 What should be done?

Choose one of the following:

Continue with policy / service as it is sound	✓
Adjust the policy to remove any barriers	
Prevent and remove the policy as the adverse effects are too great	
Continue with policy as any adverse impact can be justified	

4.4 If continuing with the plan, what steps will you take to reduce or mitigate any negative impacts?

In order to mitigate the impact on the community, opportunities are identified to ensure that the community of Abersoch is aware of the activity of the alternative school, and community collaboration between the alternative school and the community of Abersoch is encouraged, where appropriate.

4.5 Monitoring – what action will you take to monitor the impact and effectiveness of the policy or service (action plan)?

The school (and their Governing Body) is responsible for implementing its equality policy and the Authority, through its usual support and monitoring procedures, will ensure compliance.

5. CONCLUSION

It is not anticipated that the proposal to close Ysgol Abersoch and provide a place for pupils at Ysgol Sarn Bach would affect equality. Gwynedd's primary schools already operate an Equalities policy which states that the schools "oppose all forms of prejudice and discrimination and recognise that pupils have different needs, requirements and objectives." Should the Cabinet decide to continue with this proposal, and should any impacts be highlighted following the consultation, the Council will seek ways to mitigate them, looking specifically at any suggestions put forward in the responses.